

VISION-DMD: Advancing clinical development of the innovative orphan drug Vamorolone for DMD.

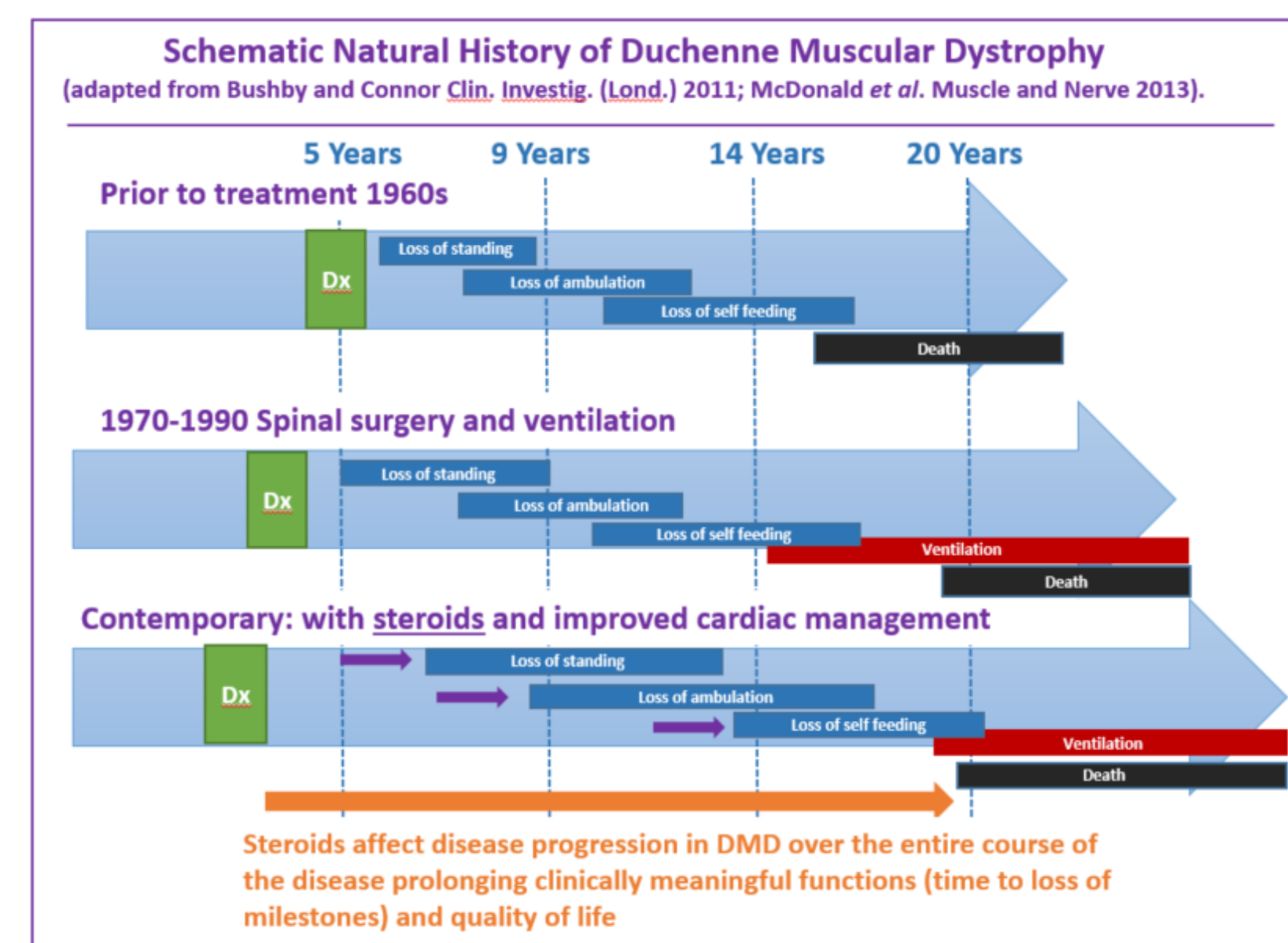
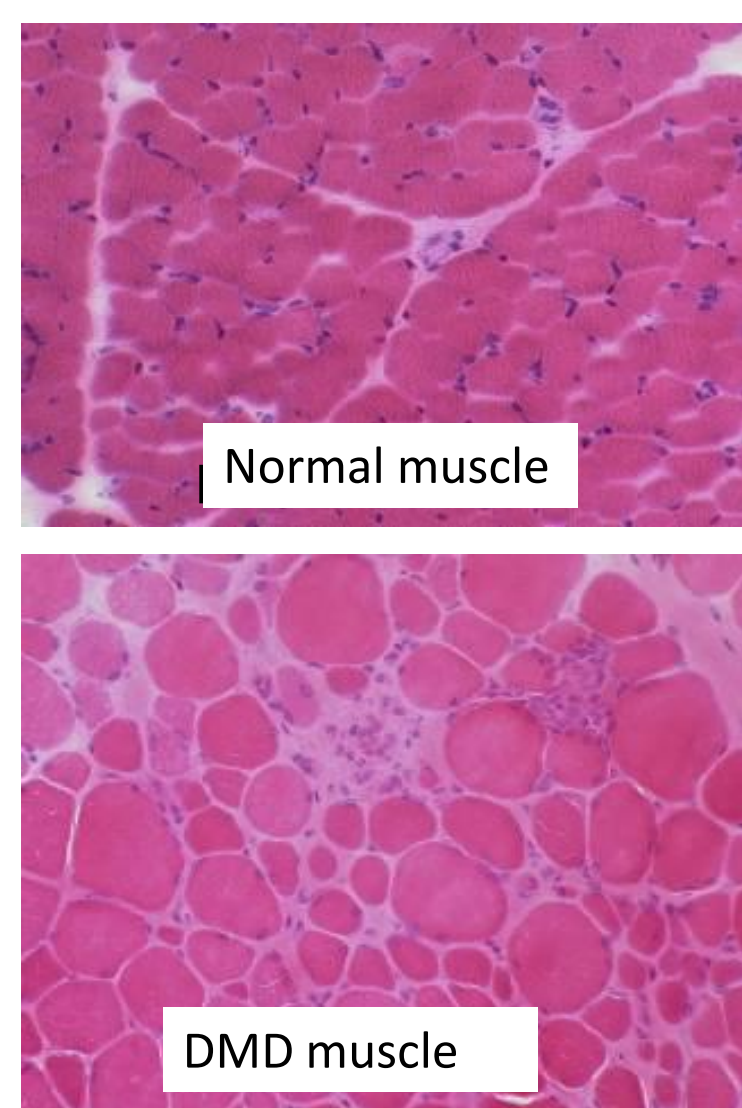
Olsen, C.¹; Guglieri, M.²; Clemens, P.³; Athanasiou, D.⁴; Vroom, E.⁴; Hoffman, E.⁵; Morgenroth, L.⁶; Haberlova, J.⁷; Bushby, K.²; Demotes-Mainard, J.⁸; Head, R.¹; Davis, R.²; Damsker, J.⁵; Arietta, A.⁶.

¹Ceratum, UK; ²John Walton Muscular Dystrophy Research Centre, Newcastle University, UK; ³University of Pittsburgh School of Medicine and VA Pittsburgh Healthcare System, USA; ⁴United Parent Project Muscular Dystrophy, Netherlands; ⁵ReveraGen BioPharma, UK/USA; ⁶TRINDS, USA; ⁷Fakultni Nemocnice v Motole; Czech Republic; ⁸ECRIN, France.

Vision-DMD is a US-EU collaborative project undertaking Phase 2 Clinical Trials of Vamorolone - An Innovative Steroid-like intervention for Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy with an improved safety profile.

The Disease: Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy

- A very severe rare disease
- Affects 1 in 3500-5000 male births, affects very few girls
- Diagnosis is usually between 4 and 6 years of age
- A genetic change in a person's DNA causes a defect resulting in a lack of dystrophin - an essential protein for the muscles
- Muscles progressively deteriorate turning to fat and scar tissue
- Muscles become weaker and eventually stop working

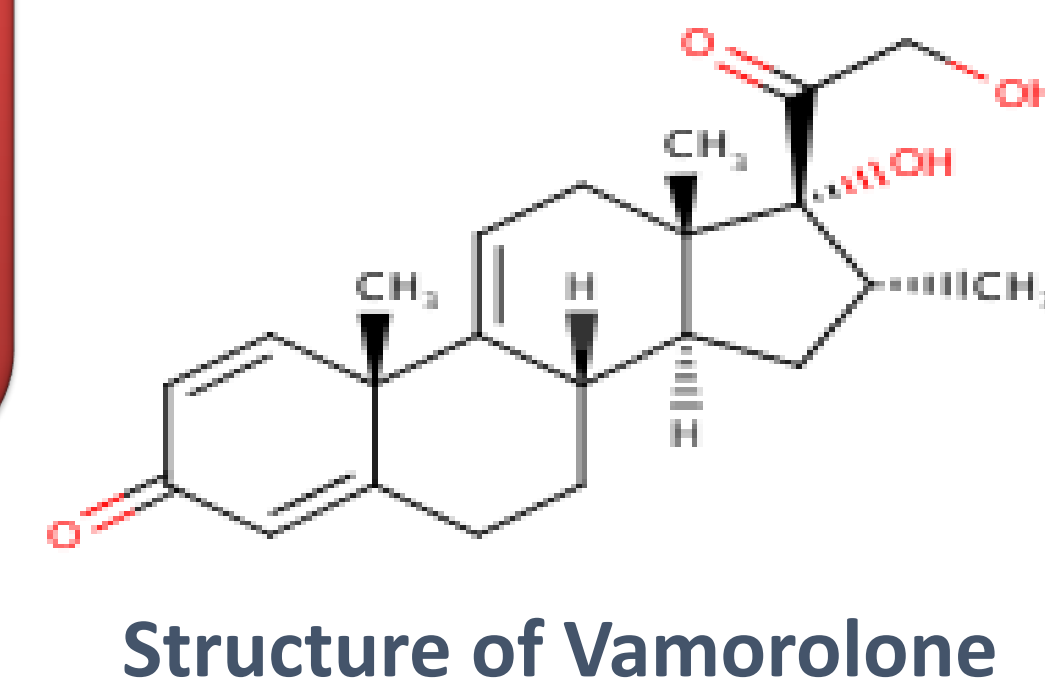


Corticosteroids – Standard of Care for DMD

- ❖ Corticosteroids are the only treatment option for DMD patients regardless of the mutation causing the disease
- ❖ Corticosteroids delay the natural course of the disease
- ❖ Corticosteroids improve muscle strength, prolong ambulation, delay respiratory and orthopaedic complications and very likely prolong survival

BUT Steroids have a problem

- Severe side effects reduce use
- Restricts treatment options ?
- Global implementation is variable



Could Vamorolone be the answer? A designer drug:

- ✓ an innovative steroid-like drug
- ✓ designed to retain or improve corticosteroid efficacy
- ✓ provides increase membrane stabilization
- ✓ reduced or no side effects (?)
- ✓ better safety as transactivation (transcriptional activities) removed (?)
- ✓ increase the therapeutic window to slow DMD progression and improve quality of life and lifespan for DMD boys.

Made Possible by Grants & Venture Philanthropy



Phase 2a study - ongoing

Trial details

- Open label multiple ascending dose finding and safety study
- 48 DMD boys aged 4<7 years old, 14 day treatment period
- 4 dose cohorts – 0.25mg/kg, 0.75 mg/kg, 2mg/kg and 6 mg/kg

Trial sites

- North America: US, Canada;
- Europe: United Kingdom, Sweden
- ROW: Australia, Israel.

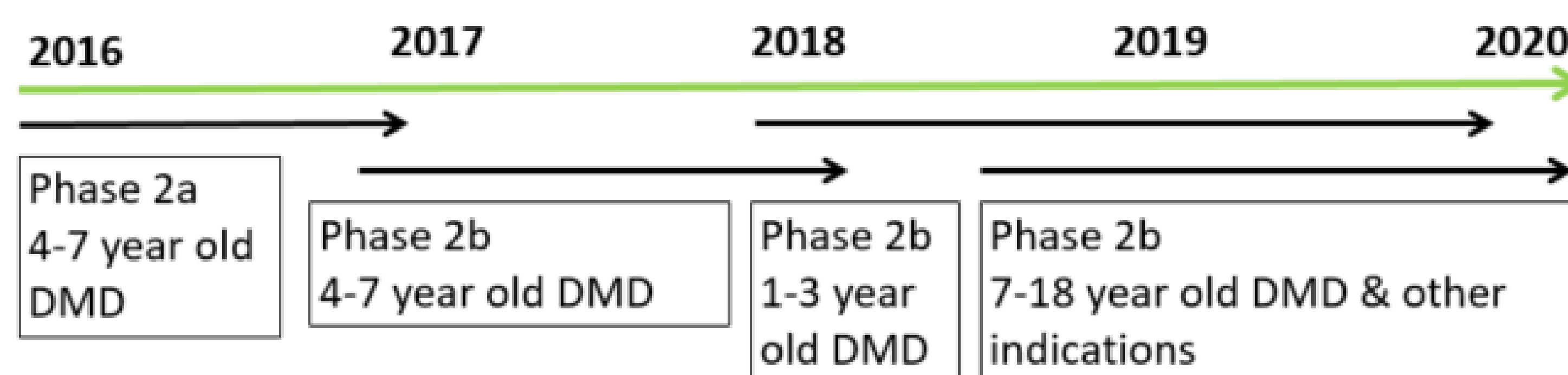
Primary outcomes

- Acute safety
- Tolerability
- Pharmacokinetics of vamorolone administration

Extension study

- Participants from the 2a study at the same dose for 24 weeks
- Primary outcomes: long term safety, tolerability, efficacy as measured by the Time to Stand test, Safety as measured by body mass index

Projected Vamorolone Drug Development Timeline



Phase 2b study - Start Q2 2017

- Randomised double blind, placebo and prednisone controlled study
- 30 sites: EU, USA, Canada, Australia, Israel
- 100 DMD boys 4<7 years old
- 6 month treatment period
- Primary efficacy outcome: time to stand
- Primary safety outcome: change in body mass index
- Exploratory biomarkers and muscle MRI
- Phase 2b extension for long term safety & efficacy

For more details of this study visit: www.vision-dmd.info/2b-trial-information/

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